#### 22.601

45.301) may require covered construction work (see 22.402(b)) to be performed in the United States.

- (e) Insert the clause at 52.222–30, Davis-Bacon Act—Price Adjustment (None or Separately Specified Pricing Method), in solicitations and contracts if the contract is expected to be—
- (1) A fixed-price contract subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that will contain option provisions by which the contracting officer may extend the term of the contract, and the contracting officer determines the most appropriate contract price adjustment method is the method at 22.404–12(c)(1) or (2); or
- (2) A cost-reimbursable type contract subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that will contain option provisions by which the contracting officer may extend the term of the contract.
- (f) Insert the clause at 52.222–31, Davis-Bacon Act—Price Adjustment (Percentage Method), in solicitations and contracts if the contract is expected to be a fixed-price contract subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that will contain option provisions by which the contracting officer may extend the term of the contract, and the contracting officer determines the most appropriate contract price adjustment method is the method at 22.404–12(c)(3).
- (g) Insert the clause at 52.222–32, Davis-Bacon Act—Price Adjustment (Actual Method), in solicitations and contracts if the contract is expected to be a fixed-price contract subject to the Davis-Bacon Act that will contain option provisions by which the contracting officer may extend the term of the contract, and the contracting officer determines the most appropriate method to establish contract price is the method at 22.404–12(c)(4).

[53 FR 4935, Feb. 18, 1988, as amended at 66 FR 53481, Oct. 22, 2001]

## Subpart 22.5 [Reserved]

## Subpart 22.6—Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act

22.601 [Reserved]

## 22.602 Statutory requirements.

Except for the exemptions at 22.604, all contracts subject to the Walsh-

Healey Public Contracts Act (the Act) (41 U.S.C. 35-45) and entered into by any executive department, independent establishment, or other agency or instrumentality of the United States, or by the District of Columbia, or by any corporation (all the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States) for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, and equipment (referred to in this subpart as supplies) in any amount exceeding \$10,000, shall include or incorporate by reference the stipulations required by the Act pertaining to such matters as minimum wages, maximum hours, child labor, convict labor, and safe and sanitary working conditions.

[61 FR 67410, Dec. 20, 1996]

#### 22.603 Applicability.

The requirements in 22.602 apply to contracts (including for this purpose, indefinite-delivery contracts, basic ordering agreements, and blanket purchase agreements) and subcontracts under Section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, for the manufacture or furnishing of supplies that are to be performed within the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands, and which exceed or may exceed \$10,000, unless exempted under 22.604.

### 22.604 Exemptions.

# 22.604-1 Statutory exemptions.

Contracts for acquisition of the following supplies are exempt from the Act:

- (a) Any item in those situations where the contracting officer is authorized by the express language of a statute to purchase "in the open market" generally (such as commercial items, see part 12); or where a specific purchase is made under the conditions described in 6.302–2 in circumstances where immediate delivery is required by the public exisency.
- (b) Perishables, including dairy, live-stock, and nursery products.
- (c) Agricultural or farm products processed for first sale by the original producers.

## **Federal Acquisition Regulation**

(d) Agricultural commodities or the products thereof purchased under contract by the Secretary of Agriculture.

[48 FR 42258, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 53 FR 4944, Feb. 18, 1988; 60 FR 48248, Sept. 18, 1995]

#### 22.604-2 Regulatory exemptions.

- (a) Contracts for the following acquisitions are fully exempt from the Act (see 41 CFR 50-201.603):
  - (1) Public utility services.
- (2) Supplies manufactured outside the United States, Puerto Rico, or the Virgin Islands.
- (3) Purchases against the account of a defaulting contractor where the stipulations of the Act were not included in the defaulted contract.
- (4) Newspapers, magazines, or periodicals, contracted for with sales agents or publisher representatives, which are to be delivered by the publishers thereof.
- (b)(1) Upon the request of the agency head, the Secretary of Labor may exempt specific contracts or classes of contracts from the inclusion or application of one or more of the Act's stipulations; provided, that the request includes a finding by the agency head stating the reasons why the conduct of Government business will be seriously impaired unless the exemption is granted.
- (2) Those requests for exemption that relate solely to safety and health standards shall be transmitted to the Assistant Secretary for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. All other requests shall be transmitted to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210.

[48 FR 42258, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 61 FR 67410, Dec. 20, 1996]

# 22.605 Rulings and interpretations of the Act.

- (a) As authorized by the Act, the Secretary of Labor has issued rulings and interpretations concerning the administration of the Act (see 41 CFR 50–206). The substance of certain rulings and interpretations is as follows:
- (1) If a contract for \$10,000 or less is subsequently modified to exceed \$10,000, the contract becomes subject to

the Act for work performed after the date of the modification.

- (2) If a contract for more than \$10,000 is subsequently modified by mutual agreement to \$10,000 or less, the contract is not subject to the Act for work performed after the date of the modification.
- (3) If a contract awarded to a prime contractor contains a provision whereby the prime contractor is made an agent of the Government, the prime contractor is required to include the stipulations of the Act in contracts in excess of \$10,000 awarded for and on behalf of the Government for supplies that are to be used in the construction and equipment of Government facilities.
- (4) If a contract subject to the Act is awarded to a contractor operating Government-owned facilities, the stipulations of the Act affect the employees of that contractor the same as employees of contractors operating privately owned facilities.
- (5) Indefinite-delivery contracts, including basic ordering agreements and blanket purchase agreements, are subject to the Act unless it can be determined in advance that the aggregate amount of all orders estimated to be placed thereunder for 1 year after the effective date of the agreement will not exceed \$10,000. A determination shall be made annually thereafter if the contract or agreement is extended, and the contract or agreement modified if necessary.
  - (b) [Reserved]

# 22.606-22.607 [Reserved]

#### 22.608 Procedures.

- (a) Award. When a contract subject to the Act is awarded, the contracting officer, in accordance with regulations or instructions issued by the Secretary of Labor and individual agency procedures, shall furnish to the contractor DOL publication WH-1313, Notice to Employees Working on Government Contracts.
- (b) Breach of stipulation. In the event of a violation of a stipulation required under the Act, the contracting officer shall, in accordance with agency procedures, notify the appropriate regional